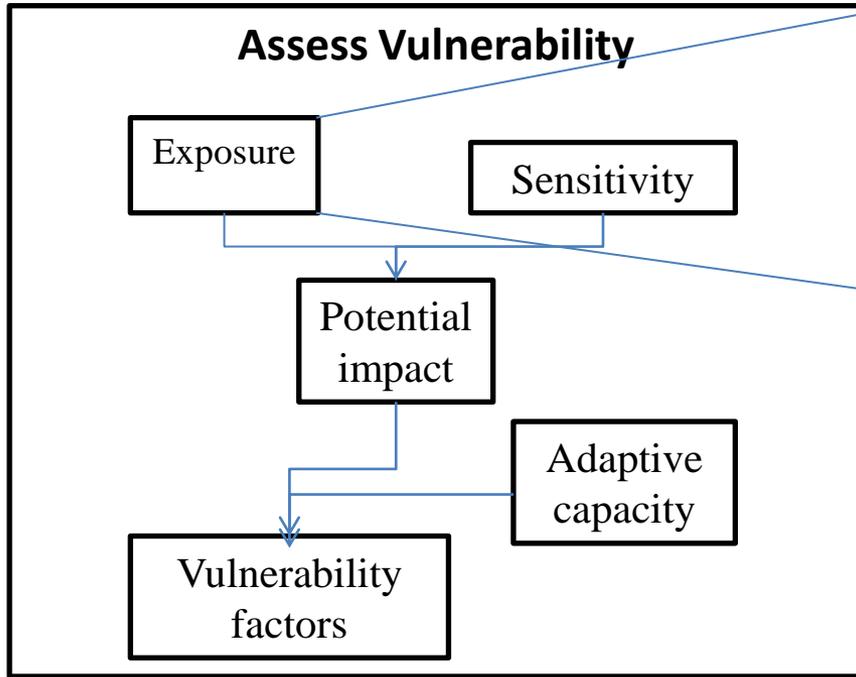


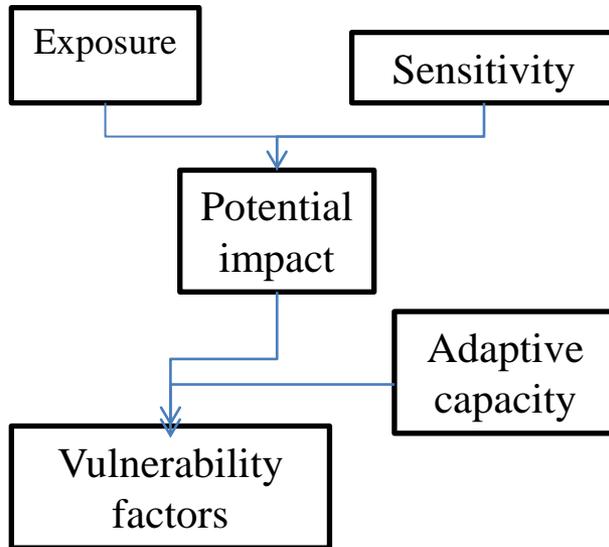
# Conceptual Map of the Landscape of Climate Adaptation Activities



## Exposure: Projecting Future Conditions

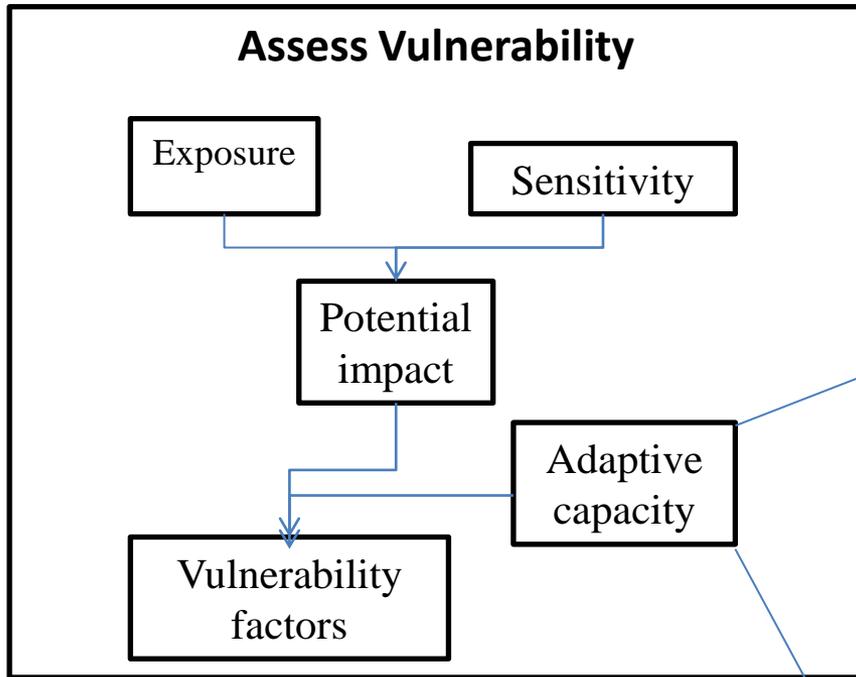
- Identify management needs/conservation targets
- Identify projection needs
- Identify and make available existing projections
- Evaluate utility of projections for specific needs
- Where needed, develop new projections

## Assess Vulnerability



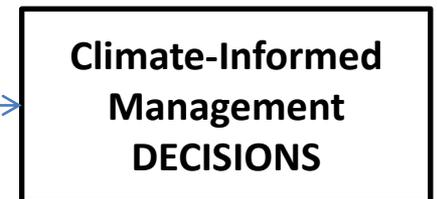
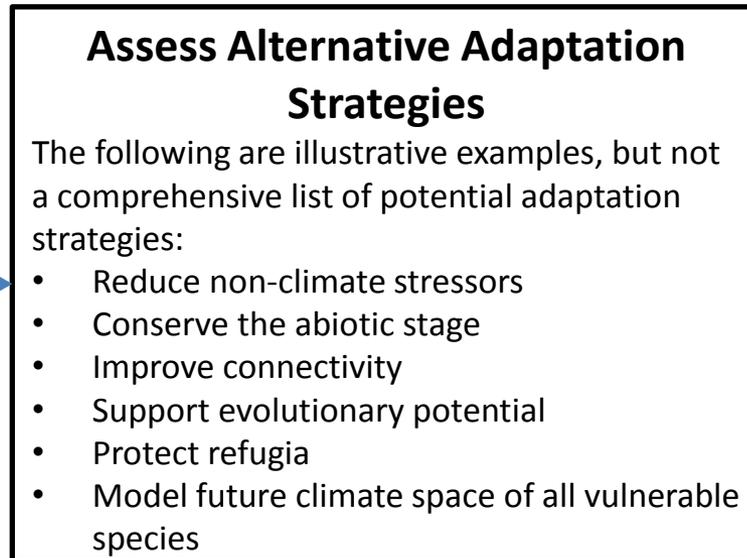
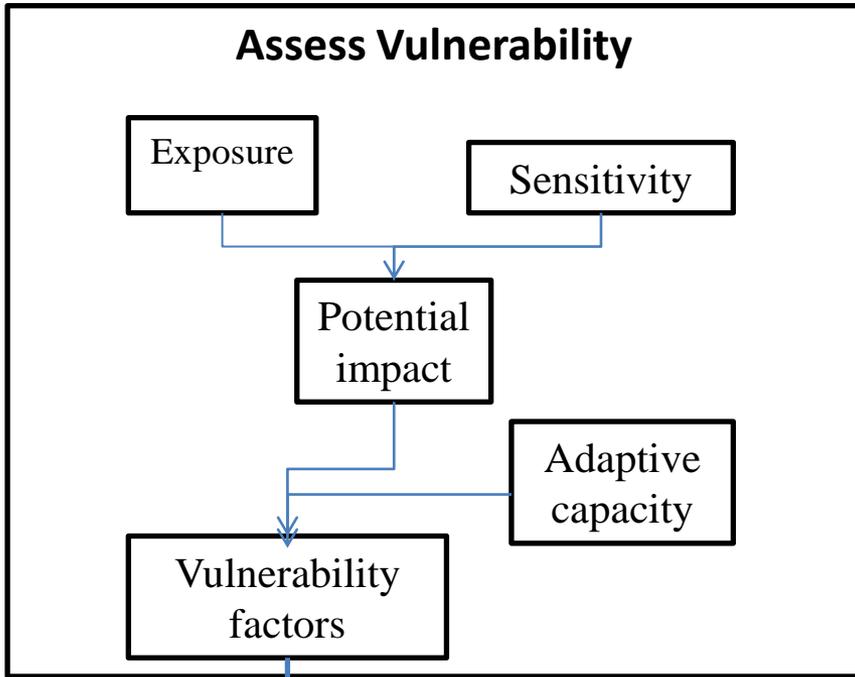
## Sensitivity

- Often inferred from exposure or distribution characteristics
- Ideally based on assessments of physiological limits and thresholds for key stresses (temperature, pH, water availability)
- Should consider realistic current as well as future projections for combinations of factors
- Closely linked to adaptive capacity in some ways



#### **Adaptive Capacity**

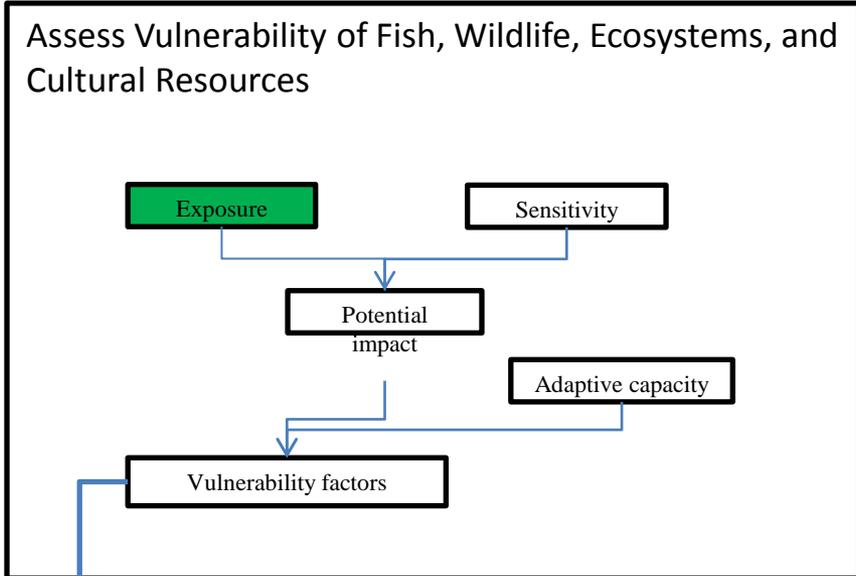
- Characterize components of AC (e.g. ecological and life history characteristics, genetic variation/evolvability, phenotypic plasticity)
- Develop a methodology for experimental design to assess adaptive capacity
- Focus efforts on keystone/foundation or otherwise highly valued species
- Aim to seek generalities to assist in predictive power, but keep in mind interactive nature of components
- Identify factors that enhance/reduce phenological plasticity
- Develop an open access 'clearing house' for information on focal elements' adaptive capacity in a format that is readily accessible to resource managers



# NCCWSC-CSC Science & Activities to Inform Climate Adaptation

Partnerships and Co-Production

Data Management Policies and Practices



## Exposure: Projecting Future Conditions

- Identify management needs/conservation targets
- Identify projection needs
- Identify and make available existing projections
- Evaluate utility of projections for specific needs
- Where needed, develop new projections

## Assess Alternative Adaptation Strategies

The following are illustrative examples, but not a comprehensive list of potential adaptation strategies:

- Reduce non-climate stressors
- Conserve the abiotic stage
- Improve connectivity
- Support evolutionary potential
- Protect refugia
- Model future climate space of all vulnerable species

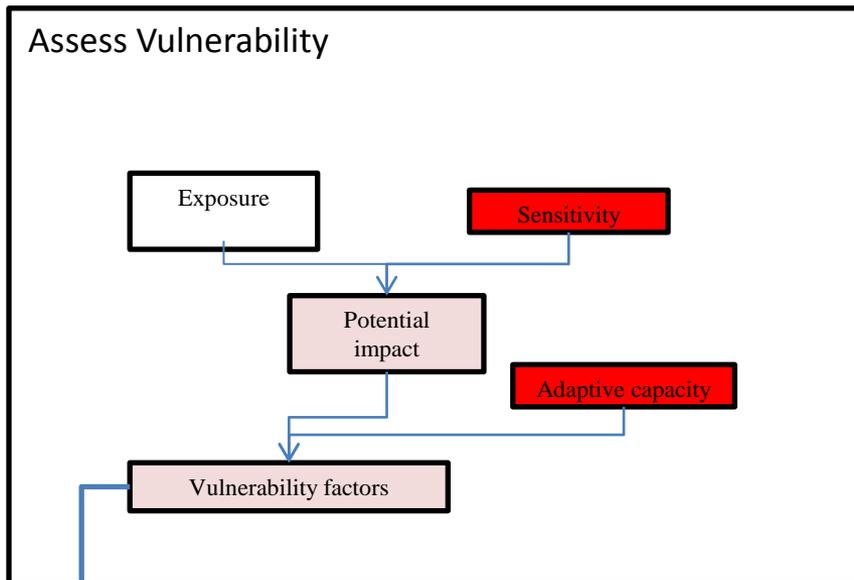
*The NCCWSC and CSCs are conducting some work in all areas of climate adaptation. Areas of significant NCCWSC-CSC activity are shown in green.*

Climate-Informed Management DECISIONS

# Gaps in Science for Climate Adaptation Activities

Partnerships and co-Development

Data Management Policies and Practices



## Assess Alternative Adaptation Strategies

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*Areas where more information is needed to support management decisions are shown in red.*

Climate-Informed Management DECISIONS